

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING TO DISCUSS BUDGET AND PROPOSED TAX RATE

Santa Maria Independent School District will hold a public meeting at 6:00 PM on June 25th, 2026 at the Santa Maria ISD Administration Building at 11119 MILITARY ROAD. **This meeting is to discuss the school district’s budget that will determine the tax rate the school district will adopt. The school district invites public participation in the discussion.**

The tax rate the school district ultimately adopts at this meeting or at a separate meeting at a later date may not exceed the proposed rate shown below unless the district publishes a revised notice containing the same information and comparisons set out below and holds another public meeting to discuss the revised notice.

Maintenance Tax	\$0.7954/\$100 (proposed rate for maintenance and operations)
School Debt Service Tax	\$0.4592/\$100 (proposed rate to pay bonded indebtedness)
Approved by Local Voters	

Comparison of Proposed Budget with Last Year’s Budget

The applicable percentage increase or decrease (or difference) in the amount budgeted in the preceding fiscal year and the amount budgeted for the fiscal year that begins during the current tax year is indicated for each of the following expenditure categories:

Maintenance and operations	<u>0.92</u> % increase or _____ % (decrease)
Debt Service	<u>12.03</u> % increase or _____ % (decrease)
Total Expenditures	<u>1.94</u> % increase or _____ % (decrease)

Total Appraised Value and Total Taxable Value (as calculated under Tax Code Section 26.04)

	<u>Preceding Tax Year</u>	<u>Current Tax Year</u>
Total appraised value* of all property	\$ 353,194,510	\$ 354,475,126
Total appraised value* of new property**	\$ 2,354,420	\$ 616,871
Total taxable value*** of all property	\$ 215,623,904	\$ 219,879,056
Total taxable value*** of new property**	\$ 1,459,183	\$ 536,097

*Appraised value is the amount shown on the appraisal roll and defined by Tax Code Section 1.04(8) .

** “New property” is defined by Section 26.012(17).

*** “Taxable value” is defined by Section 1.04(10).

Bonded Indebtedness

Total amount of outstanding and unpaid bonded indebtedness* \$10,705,000

*Outstanding principal.

Comparison of Proposed Rates with Last Year’s Rates

	<u>Maintenance & Operations</u>	<u>Interest & Sinking Fund*</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Local Revenue Per Student</u>	<u>State Revenue Per Student</u>
Last Year’s Rate	\$ 0.8022	\$ 0.485000	\$ 1.304200	\$ 3,925	\$ 14,262
Rate to Maintain Same Level of Maintenance & Operations Revenue & Pay Debt Service	\$ 0.7856	\$ 0.468310	\$ 1.192350	\$ 3,660	\$ 14,295
Proposed Rate	\$ 0.7954	\$ 0.459200	\$ 1.261400	\$ 4,056	\$ 16,531

*The Interest & Sinking Fund tax revenue is used to pay for bonded indebtedness on construction, equipment, or both.
The bonds, and the tax rate necessary to pay those bonds, were approved by the voters of this district.

Comparison of Proposed Levy with Last Year’s Levy on Average Residence

	<u>Last Year</u>	<u>This Year</u>
Average Market Value of Residences	\$ 150,302	\$ 146,104
Average Taxable Value of Residences	\$ 16,282	\$ 6,104
Last Year’s Rate Versus Proposed Rate per \$100 Value	\$ 1.2614	\$ 1.261400
Taxes Due on Average Residence	\$ 205	\$ 253
Increase (Decrease) in Taxes		\$ 48

Under state law, the dollar amount of school taxes imposed on the residence homestead of a person 65 years of age or older or of the surviving spouse of such a person, if the surviving spouse was 55 years of age or older when the person died, may not be increased above the amount paid in the first year after the person turned 65, regardless of changes in tax rate or property value.

Notice of Voter-Approval Rate: The highest tax rate the district can adopt before requiring voter approval at an election is \$1.1595. This election will be automatically held if the district adopts a rate in excess of the voter-approval rate of \$1.1595, unless the district adopts a tax rate in accordance with Texas Tax Code, §26.042(e), (f) and (g).

Fund Balances

The following estimated balances will remain at the end of the current fiscal year and are not encumbered with or by a corresponding debt obligation, less estimated funds necessary for operating the district before receipt of the first state aid payment.

Maintenance and Operations Fund Balance(s)	\$ 3,446,391
Interest & Sinking Fund Balance(s)	\$ 965,643

A school district may not increase the district’s maintenance and operations tax rate to create a surplus in maintenance and operations tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district’s debt service.

Visit [Texas.gov/PropertyTaxes](https://www.texas.gov/PropertyTaxes) to find a link to your local property tax database on which you can easily access information regarding your property taxes, including information about proposed tax rates and scheduled public hearings of each entity that taxes your property.

The 86th Texas Legislature modified the manner in which the Voter-approval tax rate is calculated to limit the rate of growth of property taxes in the state.